Instructions for PDT testing

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1 Introduction

This document contains information that the applicants need to prepare for the pre-delegation tests. All applicants are urged to carefully read this document.

The purpose of the pre-delegation testing is to verify that the applicant has met its commitment to establish registry operations in accordance with the technical and operational criteria described in the gTLD Applicant Guidebook (AGB) and that applicant can operate the gTLD in a stable and secure manner. Each applicant will be required to complete pre-delegation testing as a prerequisite to delegation into the root zone.

The test elements cover both the DNS server operational infrastructure and registry system operations. The tests are based on the AGB, in specific Module 5 (Transition to Delegation) and specification 2, 4, 6 and 10, and are described in detail in the document: Pre-delegation testing, Master Test Plan.

1.1 Methodology

The tests are documented according to the standard IEEE 829-2008, as described in the Master Test Plan. The standard allows for different types of tests, e.g. unit, system, and acceptance tests. This test environment will focus on acceptance testing. Multiple areas have however been identified within the system requirements:

- DNS
- Whois
- EPP
- IDN
- Data Escrow
- Documentation

Each test area is further described in its own Level Test Plan and one or more Level Test Case documents, which will be published by ICANN.

1.2 Data entry into the PDT System

All input data to the tests shall be provided by the applicant via the PDT System, available as a web application at https://pdt.iis.se/. Login credentials will be given to the applicant once the testing has been scheduled by ICANN.

The PDT System is further described in a separate User guide, which will be published by ICANN.

2 PDT Test Nodes

The PDT Service Provider will verify applicant’s infrastructure (whois, EPP and DNS) from the PDT Test Nodes. The applicant must make sure that firewalls and access lists are open for the following IP addresses (both IPv4 and IPv6). The applicant’s infrastructure must be available for testing during the whole test period.
Please make sure that you look at the latest version of this document so that you have the current set of IP addresses of the PDT Test Nodes.

### 2.1 IP addresses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PDT Test Node</th>
<th>IPv4</th>
<th>IPv6</th>
<th>Hostname</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>North America</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.16.34</td>
<td>2620:171:fo::34</td>
<td>na-pao.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.17.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f1::34</td>
<td>na-iad.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>204.45.70.50</td>
<td>2001:49f0:a000:21::42</td>
<td>na-den.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Latin America and Caribbean</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.19.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f3::34</td>
<td>lac-gru.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.18.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f2::34</td>
<td>lac-eze.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200.1.120.31</td>
<td>2001:1398:3:120::31</td>
<td>lac-scl.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>186.227.193.223</td>
<td>2804:9c4:0:1::42</td>
<td>lac-gig.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Asia/Australia/Pacific</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>203.178.137.9</td>
<td>2001:200:0:18oa::502</td>
<td>ap-nrt.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.20.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f4::34</td>
<td>ap-sgw.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>103.6.87.155</td>
<td>2403:2500:4000::afd</td>
<td>ap-mma.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>103.16.26.69</td>
<td>2001:df0:465::69</td>
<td>ap-hkg.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Africa</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.22.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f6::34</td>
<td>af-cai.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>197.96.55.76</td>
<td>2c0f:fc00:a000:1100::4</td>
<td>af-jnb.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.23.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f7::34</td>
<td>af-cpt.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Europe</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.25.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f9::34</td>
<td>eur-ams.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>74.63.24.34</td>
<td>2620:171:f8::34</td>
<td>eur-fra.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>77.72.225.37</td>
<td>2a01:3f0:0:4c::37</td>
<td>eur-sth1.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>212.247.172.243</td>
<td>2a00:800:752:10::6a:3</td>
<td>eur-sth2.pdt.iis.se</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3 DNS test

#### 3.1 Introduction

The PDT Service Provider will verify applicant’s DNS infrastructure over both UDP and TCP, and that DNSSEC is supported including life cycle management of Zone and Key signing keys.
All tests will be carried out for both IPv4 and IPv6.

For the DNS tests, applicant should supply the following information to the PDT Service Provider:

[REQUIRED]
- FQDN of all authoritative name servers
- IPv4 and IPv6 addresses for same
- Delegation Signer (DS) information
- A domain with NS and DS records published in the TLD. This domain must be delegated to a name server different from the TLD name servers, but it does not have to exist on this name server.

The dedicated anycast test has been deprecated as of June, 2013. No cluster information should be submitted, except FQDN and address as mentioned above.

3.2 Expected input

The applicant shall provide the input data for the DNS test in a single XML file according to the XML schemas provided by the PDT Service Provider.

3.2.1 XML schemas

There are two different XML schemas of which the applicant can choose from. These are the W3C XML Schema (XSD) and the RELAX NG (RNG).

- pdtdns.rng
- pdtdns.xsd

3.3 Example of input

For your convenience an example XML file containing input data for the DNS test is provided.
4 Whois test

The PDT Service Provider will verify that Whois data is accessible over IPv4 and IPv6, both via TCP port 43 and via a web interface. If applicant states that searching in Whois data is supported, this functionality will also be evaluated.

For the Whois tests, applicant should supply the following information to the PDT Service Provider:

[REQUIRED]
- An existing domain name for this TLD, which has Whois data
- An existing registrar which has Whois data
- The domain name of an existing name server, which has Whois data
- IPv4 or IPv6 address of an existing name server, which has Whois data

[OPTIONAL]
- Credentials, e.g. username and password, if required for accessing the Whois search service as a logged in user

4.1 Expected input

The applicant shall provide the input data for the Whois test in a single XML file according to the XML schemas provided by the PDT Service Provider.

4.1.1 XML schemas

There are two different XML schemas of which the applicant can choose from. These are the W3C XML Schema (XSD) and the RELAX NG (RNG).

- pdtwhois.rng
- pdtwhois.xsd

4.2 Example of input

For your convenience, an example XML file containing input data for the Whois test is provided.
5 EPP test

The PDT Service Provider will verify that applicant’s EPP Service conforms to appropriate RFCs, including EPP extensions for DNSSEC. For Create, the new object has to be visible in zone file and Whois within 24 hours. For changes, the zone data must be visible in applicant’s zone file and Whois service within 60 minutes. If applicant states support for EPP over IPv6, the PDT Service Provider will verify this too.

If your EPP server requires a client certificate for a client to be able to login, make sure you include the pkcs12 file and password in the Client/KeyPair part of the XML.

For the EPP tests, applicant should supply the following information to the PDT Service Provider:

[REQUIRED SETUP INFORMATION]
- Information about the EPP server: IPv4 address+port, server certificate and optionally IPv6 address+port
- Credentials required to access the EPP service
- URI and Schema Location for Domain, Contact and Host objects
- URI and Schema Location for the SecDns extension (DNSSEC)
- URI and Schema Location for other extensions, if applicable

[FOR THE TESTS]
- FQDN for at least two name servers
- Three not registered domain names, ready to be created
- One registered domain name ready to be renewed
- Two registered domain names ready for transfer
- One registered domain name ready to be updated
- One domain name that can be deleted
- A new Contact object, to be created
- Contact and Host objects to be updated
- Contact and Host objects to be deleted

5.1 Expected input

The applicant shall provide the input data for the EPP test in a single XML file according to the XML schemas provided by the PDT Service Provider.

While EPP allows for a large number of extensions to each object, the applicant should only submit values for those extensions that are mandatory for their registration system.

5.1.1 XML schemas

There are two different XML schemas of which the applicant can choose from. These are the W3C XML Schema (XSD) and the RELAX NG (RNG).

- pdtepp.rng
5.2 Example of input

For your convenience, an example XML file containing input data for the EPP test is provided.

5.3 Submitting EPP extensions

If applicant’s EPP server needs extra data not found in the standard object definitions, corresponding EPP extensions have to be specified as part of the input data.

Below you will find working XML example code to input three different EPP extensions and their associated data. Together with each example, the Extensions part of the resulting EPP command that will be sent to applicant’s server during testing is shown.

5.3.1 A normal extension with two Name:Value fields

```xml
<Extension>
  <URI>urn:se:iis:xml:epp:iis-1.2</URI>
  <SL>urn:se:iis:xml:epp:iis-1.2 iis-1.2-xsd</SL>
  <Field>
    <Name>orgno</Name>
    <Value>[SE]551112-3282</Value>
  </Field>
  <Field>
    <Name>vatno</Name>
    <Value>SE551112328201</Value>
  </Field>
</Extension>
```

Resulting EPP fragment

```xml
<extension>
  <ex01:create xmlns:ex01="urn:se:iis:xml:epp:iis-1.2" xsi:schemaLocation="urn:se:iis:xml:epp:iis-1.2 iis-1.2-xsd">  
    <ex01:orgno>[SE]551112-3282</ex01:orgno>
    <ex01:vatno>SE551112328201</ex01:vatno>
  </ex01:create>
</extension>
```

5.3.2 An IDN extension with a single text node

```xml
<Extension>
  <ExtName>language</ExtName>
  <URI>urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0</URI>
  <SL>urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0 idn-1.0.xsd</SL>
  <ExtValue>ger</ExtValue>
</Extension>
```

Resulting EPP fragment

```xml
<extension>
  <ex01:language xmlns:ex01="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0" xsi:schemaLocation="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0 idn-1.0.xsd">ger</ex01:language>
</extension>
```

5.3.3 An IDN extension with a single Name:Value field

```xml
<Extension>
  <URI>urn:ar:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0</URI>
  <SL>
    <Field>
      <Name>languageTag</Name>
      <Value>ar</Value>
    </Field>
  </SL>
</Extension>
```
Resulting EPP fragment

```xml
<extension>
  <ex01:create xmlns:ex01="urn:ar:params:xml:ns:idn-1.0" xsi:schemaLocation="">
    <ex01:languageTag>ar</ex01:languageTag>
  </ex01:create>
</extension>

5.3.4 An extension with fields within field

```xml
<Extension>
  <URI>http://www.tcinet.ru/epp/tci-contact-ext-1.0</URI>
  <SL>http://www.tcinet.ru/epp/tci-contact-ext-1.0 tci-contact-ext-1.0.xsd</SL>
  <Field>
    <Name>person</Name>
    <Field>
      <Name>birthday</Name>
      <Value>1970-11-11</Value>
    </Field>
    <Field>
      <Name>passport</Name>
      <Value>passport string</Value>
    </Field>
    <Field>
      <Name>TIN</Name>
      <Value>444444444444444</Value>
    </Field>
  </Field>
</Extension>

Resulting EPP fragment

```xml
<extension>
  <ex01:create xmlns:ex01="http://www.tcinet.ru/epp/tci-contact-ext-1.0"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.tcinet.ru/epp/tci-contact-ext-1.0 tci-contact-ext-1.0.xsd">
    <ex01:person>
      <ex01:birthday>1970-11-11</ex01:birthday>
      <ex01:passport>passport string</ex01:passport>
      <ex01:TIN>444444444444444</ex01:TIN>
    </ex01:person>
  </ex01:create>
</extension>
6 IDN test

6.1 Introduction

The IDN testing has two basic components. The first is a review of the submitted table(s) and associated policy statements, together with the EPP documentation described below. This is both to verify conformance with the reference specifications and to enable a determination of the expected response of the back-end registry to a request for the registration of a given label. The second component of the IDN testing verifies that the registry responds in the anticipated manner, rejecting labels that are not permitted and accepting those that are.

There are nine IDN test cases, briefly reviewed below but described in detail in the Test Case document for IDN found on the ICANN Micro-Site for PDT. Applicants should study that document in detail when preparing for the TLD level of the PDT.

6.2 Required documents

The following material must be submitted in order for the IDN testing to be conducted:

- Every IDN table that is listed in Exhibit A of the Applicant’s Registry Agreement,
- A detailed statement of the policies that apply to IDN registration,
- A complete example of an EPP Domain Create command for a valid, unregistered, IDN label,
- A list of all EPP extensions, such as language tags, that may be needed for the registration of IDN labels.

The submission of material that is not referenced in Exhibit A of the Registry Agreement will delay the testing. Applicants should take care to ensure a one-to-one correspondence between the listed tables and those that are forwarded for testing.

The tables and associated documents are subject to automated processing and must be submitted as TXT files. Any table or document including non-ASCII characters must be encoded in Unicode UTF-8.

6.3 Table structure and processing

The IDN tables are parsed algorithmically using a script that is publicly available at https://github.com/dotse/idn-properties. It is based on the requirements of the reference specifications for IDN table format, RFC 4290 and RFC 3743. The script provides a degree of additional latitude in order to deal with submissions which, for documented local reasons, are not strictly conformant to those RFCs.

The basic requirements are that every row in a table starts with a code point indicated in the form “U+nnnn”, or with a hash mark “#” indicating a remark, or is blank. The notation of a continuous sequence of code points in the form “nnnn..mmmm” is not permitted. If a row starting with a code point contains any additional data, this must either be initiated with a hash mark, or use a notational syntax described in one of the reference RFCs. Every submitted table must be parsable by this script.

6.4 General considerations

The documentation needed for the IDN testing is not intended to provide background detail about the nature and purpose of IDN nor does it need to restate the terms of reference for the testing. The submitted documentation need provide only the detail necessary to conduct the individual IDN tests.
Noting again that the Test Case document cited above should be studied carefully when prepared for the IDN testing, a brief review of the tests is provided for convenience in the following section.

6.5 Summary of test cases

**IDNvalid00 — IDN documentation validation:** This test verifies that the submitted tables are all listed in Exhibit A of the Applicant’s Registry Agreement, that all listed documents have been submitted, and that all policy statements and EPP extensions needed for the subsequent IDN tests have been submitted.

**IDNvalid01 — IDN table validation:** This test verifies that the format of each submitted code point table conforms to RFC 4920 or RFC 3743, or is accompanied by a statement explaining why these formats could not be used, with an adequate description of the alternative format.

**IDNvalid02 — IDNA code point validation:** This test verifies that each tabulated code point is PROTOCOL VALID or has the status CONTEXTUAL RULE REQUIRED, as defined in RFC 5892 when its algorithms are applied to the Unicode Standard, version 6.2.

**IDNvalid03 — IDNA Context Rule validation:** This test verifies that the contextual rules stated in RFC 5892 are included in the registry-specific policy statement for all tabulated code points with the status CONTEXTUAL RULE REQUIRED.

**IDNvalid04 — IDN script validation:** This test verifies that the code point array in a script table is restricted to a single explicit script property value as defined in the Unicode Standard Annex #24, and that code points with the special script property values COMMON and INHERITED are reasonably associated with that script. If the explicit script property value is Han or Hangul, Latin code points in the range 0061..007A (“a..z”) may also be included in the table without separate explanation.

**IDNvalid05 — IDN script-mixing rule validation:** This test verifies that a table including code points with more than one script property value is associated with rules that enforce the constraints on script mixing specified in the IDN Guidelines.

**IDNvalid06 — IDN language validation:** This test verifies that any language-based rules associated with a table are consistent with the script-based constraints in the preceding test cases and the tabulated code point repertoire is consistent with the established orthographic practice of the designated language.

**IDNvalid07 — IDN variant code point validation:** This test verifies that any variant relationships indicated between code points in a table are sufficiently covered by the rules given for their processing.

**IDNvalid08 — IDN online registry response verification:** This test verifies that test strings needed for the preceding tests are correctly processed by the online registry.
7 Data Escrow test

The PDT Service Provider will verify that the data escrow deposit conforms to the relevant IETF draft or RFC document. This includes, among other things, file formats, file names and methods for encryption and signing of the escrow file(s).

For the Data Escrow tests, applicant should supply the following information to the PDT Service Provider:

[REQUIRED]
- An encrypted full deposit in binary OpenPGP format (.ryde)
- The signature of above in binary OpenPGP format (.sig)
- Applicant's public key in OpenPGP format (.pub)

[OPTIONAL]
- An encrypted differential deposit in binary OpenPGP format (.ryde)
- The signature of above in binary OpenPGP format (.sig)

7.1 Expected input

Both the full deposit and the differential deposit may be split over several files. In this case each data file shall be individually signed and accompanied by a corresponding signature file.

The deposit shall be supplied in files formatted according to the rules in http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-arias-noguchi-registry-data-escrow (refer to latest version) or corresponding RFC as well as RFC 4880.

Encryption shall be done using the PDT Service Provider’s public test key, pdtescrow.pub.
8 Self-certification documentation test

8.1 Introduction
This section contains the specification for the self-certification data that the applicant shall provide as part of the pre-delegation test.

The documentation tests are divided into the following groups:

- Self-certification of DNS, Whois and EPP
- DNSSEC Practice Statement
- Data Escrow

8.2 Expected input
The applicant shall provide the following input data for the different groups of self-certification documentation tests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Documentation Test</th>
<th>Input data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Self-certification</td>
<td>A single PDF/A file adhering to the chapter structure of the template provided by the PDT Service Provider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNSSEC Practice Statement</td>
<td>A single PDF/A file containing the DNSSEC Practice Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Escrow</td>
<td>A single PDF/A file containing the escrow provider agreement with all appendices</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2.1 Templates and examples
For the self-certification documentation, an instruction and a template are provided.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Documentation Test</th>
<th>Files</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Self-certification</td>
<td>Self-certification instruction.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-certification</td>
<td>Self-certification template.txt</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9 Appendix 1:

The following files are attachments to this document:

- Self-certification document (in docx, rtf and pdf format)
- pdtdns.rnc
- pdtdns.rng
- pdtdns.xml
- pdtdns.xsd
- pdtepp.rnc
- pdtepp.rng
- pdtepp.xml
- pdtepp.xsd
- pdtwhois.rnc
- pdtwhois.rng
- pdtwhois.xml
- pdtwhois.xsd